

Method Of Cleaning for panels: 铝塑板清洁的方法:

Please adhere to the manufacturers' or suppliers' maintenance recommendations: 遵守制造商或供应商的维护建议:

- 1. Washing the Building: The building can be cleaned with water, a mild detergent, a 5-10% Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA) solution, or other mild solvents.
- 2. Alcohol Use Guidelines: When using alcohol, it is advisable to dilute it to no more than 50% with water. If undiluted alcohol is necessary, pre-testing should be conducted to ensure it does not damage the finish.
- 3. Thorough Rinsing: After cleaning, a thorough rinse with clean water is essential to remove any cleaning agents and dirt completely.
- 4. Avoiding Water Stains : A final wipe down using a sponge, foam, or clean cloth is recommended to prevent the formation of water stains.
- 5. Ideal Cleaning Conditions: Cleaning should ideally be performed on the shaded side of the building under moderate temperatures to avoid high-temperature effects.
- 6. Protecting Cleaning Equipment: During cleaning, all access equipment, such as ladders, staging, mobile scaffolds, and cherry pickers, should be equipped with protective pads to prevent impact damage to the panels. Improper cleaning that results in coating damage is not covered by warranty.
- 7. Avoid Strong Chemicals: Do not use strong organic solvents, strong alkalis, strong acids, or abrasive cleaners, as these may cause the coating to swell, flake, or crack.
- 8. Water Blasting and Mixing Cleaners: Water blasting is not recommended, and different cleaners should not be mixed. If mixing is necessary, follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- 9. Avoid Extreme Temperatures: Avoid extreme temperatures when cleaning coated surfaces. Surfaces exposed to sunlight above 40°C may accelerate chemical reactions and evaporate water from the solution, leaving residues and stains. Conversely, very low temperatures may result in poor cleaning effectiveness.
- 10. Recommended Cleaning Frequency: It is generally recommended to clean buildings once or twice a year. For other applications, such as caravans, there is no exact frequency, but it is advisable to reduce cleaning as much as possible.

- 1. 清洗建筑物:可使用水、温和的清洁剂、5-10%的异丙醇 (IPA)溶液或其他温和溶剂进行清洗。
- 2. 使用酒精时的注意事项:如果使用酒精,建议稀释至不超过50%的浓度。若需使用未稀释的酒精,务必先进行预测试,以确保不会损坏表面涂层。
- 3. 彻底冲洗:清洗后必须用清水彻底冲洗,以确保清洁剂和污垢被完全去除。
- 4. 避免水渍:建议在最后用海绵、泡沫或干净的布进行擦拭,以防止水渍的形成。
- 5. 理想清洗条件:最好在温和的气温下,在建筑物的阴影面进行清洗,以避免高温对清洁效果的影响。
- 6. 保护清洁设备:在清洁过程中,所有的梯子、舞台、移动脚手架、吊篮等设备应配备保护垫,以避免对面板造成冲击损伤。不当清洁导致的涂层损坏不在产品保修范围内。
- 7. 避免使用强化学品:请勿使用强有机溶剂、强碱、强酸和磨蚀性清洁剂。这些化学品可能导致涂层膨胀、剥落或开裂。
- 8. 水喷射和清洁剂混合:不建议进行水喷射清洗,且请勿混合不同的清洁剂。如需混合,请遵循制造商的指导。
- 9. 避免极端温度:在清洁涂层表面时,应避免极端温度。 高于40°C的太阳暴晒表面可能加速化学反应,导致清洁溶液中的水分蒸发,留下残留物和污渍;而极低温度则可能导致清洁效果不佳。
- 10. 清洁频率建议: 一般建议每年清洗一次或两次, 对于其他应用(如大篷车),则没有确切的清洁频率,但建议尽量减少清洁次数。